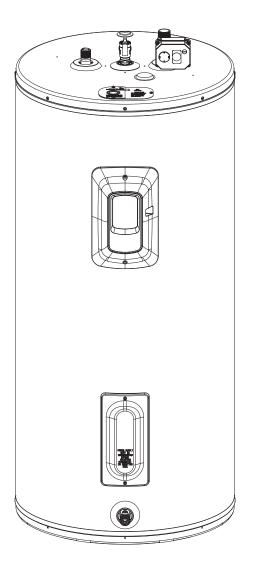
Electric Residential

Water Heaters

With Electronic Control



The purpose of this manual is twofold: one, to provide the installer with the basic directions and recommendations for the proper installation and adjustment of the water heater; and two, for the owner–operator, to explain the features, operation, safety precautions, maintenance and troubleshooting of the water heater. This manual also includes a parts list.

It is imperative that all persons who are expected to install, operate or adjust this water heater read the instructions carefully so they may understand how to perform these operations. If you do not understand these instructions or any terms within it, seek professional advice.

Any questions regarding the operation, maintenance, service or warranty of this water heater should be directed to the seller from whom it was purchased. If additional information is required, refer to the section on "If you need service."

Do not destroy this manual. Please read carefully and keep in a safe place for future reference.



Recognize this symbol as an indication of Important Safety Information!



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FOR YOUR RECORDS

Write the model and serial numbers here:

You can find them on a label on the appliance.

Staple sales slip or cancelled check here.

Proof of the original purchase date is needed to obtain service under the warranty.



READ THIS MANUAL

Inside you will find many helpful hints on how to use and maintain your water heater properly. Just a little preventive care on your part can save you a great deal of time and money over the life of your water heater.

You'll find many answers to common problems in the Before You Call For Service section. If you review our chart of Troubleshooting Tips first, you may not need to call for service at



READ THE SAFETY INFORMATION

Your safety and the safety of others are very important. There are many important safety messages in this manual and on your appliance. Always read and obey all safety messages.



This is the safety alert symbol. Recognize this symbol as an indication of Important Safety Information! This symbol alerts you to potential hazards that can kill or hurt you and others.

All safety messages will follow the safety alert symbol and either the word "DANGER", "WARNING", "CAUTION" or "NOTICE".

These words mean:

An imminently hazardous situation **A** DANGER

that will result in death or serious

injury.

▲ WARNING A potentially hazardous situation that

could result in death or serious injury

and/or damage to property.

A CAUTION A potentially hazardous situation that

may result in minor or moderate

injury.

NOTICE: Attention is called to observe a

specified procedure or maintain

a specific condition.

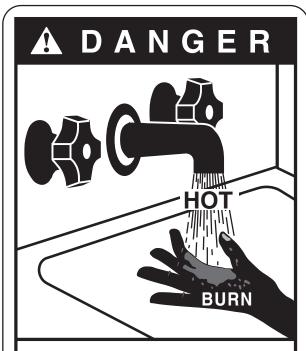
IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION. READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING.



▲DANGER!

WATER TEMPERATURE SETTING

Safety and energy conservation are factors to be considered when selecting the water temperature setting of water heater's thermostat. Water temperatures above 125°F can cause severe burns or death from scalding. Be sure to read and follow the warnings outlined on the label pictured below. This label is also located on the water heater near the thermostat access panel.



Water temperature over 125°F can cause severe burns instantly or death from scalds.

Children, disabled and elderly are at highest risk of being scalded.

See instruction manual before setting temperature at water heater.

Feel water before bathing or showering.

Temperature limiting valves are available, see manual.

NOTICE: Mixing valves are recommended for reducing point of use water temperature by mixing hot and cold water in branch water lines. It is recommended that a mixing valve complying with the Standard for Temperature Actuated Mixing Valves for Hot Water Distribution Systems, ASSE 1017 be installed. See page 13 for more details and contact a licensed plumber or the local plumbing authority for further information.

Time/Temperature Relationship in Scalds

Temperature	Time To Produce a Serious Burn	
120°F	More than 5 minutes	
125°F	1½ to 2 minutes	
130°F	About 30 seconds	
135°F	About 10 seconds	
140°F	Less than 5 seconds	
145°F	Less than 3 seconds	
150°F	About 1½ seconds	
155°F	5°F About 1 second	

Table courtesy of Shriners Burn Institute

The chart shown above may be used as a guide in determining the proper water temperature for your home.

▲ DANGER: Households with small children, disabled, or elderly persons may require a 120°F or lower thermostat setting to prevent contact with "HOT" water.

The temperature of the water in the heater is regulated by the electronic control and surface mounted temperature sensors.

DO NOT attempt to set the temperature by removing the electronic control or lower access panel. See the electronic control operation section of this manual

▲ DANGER: Hotter water increases the potential for Hot Water SCALDS.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION. READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING.

▲ WARNING!

For your safety, the information in this manual must be followed to minimize the risk of fire or explosion, electric shock, or to prevent property damage, personal injury, or loss of life.

Be sure to read and understand the entire Use and Care Manual before attempting to install or operate this water heater. It may save you time and cost. Pay particular attention to the Safety Instructions. Failure to follow these warnings could result in serious bodily injury or death. Should you have problems understanding the instructions in this manual, or have any questions, STOP, and get help from a qualified service technician, or the local electric utility.



FOR INSTALLATIONS IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

California Law requires that residential water heaters must be braced, anchored or strapped to resist falling or horizontal displacement due to earthquake motions. For residential water heaters up to 52 gallon capacity, a brochure with generic earthquake bracing instructions can be obtained from: Office of the State Architect, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814 or you may call 916-324-5315 or ask a water heater dealer.

However, applicable local codes shall govern installation. For residential water heaters of a capacity greater than 52 gallons, consult the local building jurisdiction for acceptable bracing procedures.



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Have the installer show you the location of the circuit breaker and how to shut it off if necessary. Turn off the circuit breaker if the water heater has been subjected to overheating, fire, flood, physical damage or if the ECO fails to shut off.

- Read this manual entirely before installing or operating the water heater.
- Use this appliance only for its intended purpose as described in this Use and Care Manual
- Be sure your appliance is properly installed in accordance with local codes and the provided installation instructions.
- DO NOT attempt to repair or replace any part of your water heater unless it is specifically recommended in this manual. All other servicing should be referred to a qualified technician.



READ AND FOLLOW THIS SAFETY INFORMATION CAREFULLY.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

Installing the water heater.

The location chosen for the water heater must take into consideration the following:

Local Installation Regulations

This water heater must be installed in accordance with these instructions, local codes, utility codes, utility company requirements or, in the absence of local codes, the latest edition of the National

Electrical Code. It is available from some local libraries or can be purchased from the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269 as booklet ANSI/NFPA 70.

Location

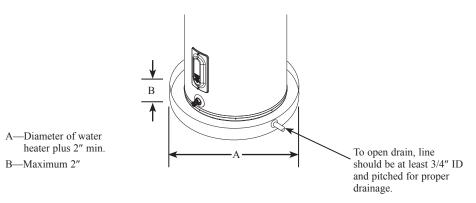
NOTICE: DO NOT install the water heater in attics where the temperature may exceed 150°F. Locate the water heater in a clean dry area as near as practical to the area of greatest heated water demand. Long uninsulated hot water lines can waste energy and water.

Place the water heater in such a manner that the upper electronic control and the lower access panels can be removed to permit inspection and servicing such as removal of elements or checking controls.

The water heater and water lines should be protected from freezing temperatures. **DO NOT** install the water heater in outdoor, unprotected areas.

Make certain the floor underneath the water heater is strong enough to sufficiently support the weight of the water heater once it is filled with water. ACAUTION: The water heater should not be located in an area where leakage of the tank or connections will result in damage to the area adjacent to it or to lower floors of the structure. Where such areas cannot be avoided, it is recommended that a suitable catch pan, adequately drained, be installed under the water heater.

This water heater is supplied with a water detection system. It is recommended that the water heater be placed in a suitable catch pan. See water sensor section for further information.



NOTICE: Auxiliary catch pan MUST conform to local codes.

Catch Pan Kits are available from the store where the water heater was purchased, or any water heater distributor.

Inspect Shipment

Inspect the water heater for possible damage. Check the markings on the rating plate of the water heater to be certain the

power supply corresponds to the water heater requirements.

Installing the water heater

Thermal Expansion

Determine if a check valve exists in the inlet water line. Check with your local water utility. It may have been installed in the cold water line as a separate back flow preventer, or it may be part of a pressure reducing valve, water meter or water softener. A check valve located in the cold water inlet line can cause what is referred to as a "closed water system". A cold water inlet line with no check valve or back flow prevention device is referred to as an "open" water system.

As water is heated, it expands in volume and creates an increase in the pressure within the water system. This action is referred to as "thermal expansion". In an "open" water system, expanding water which exceeds the capacity of the water heater flows back into the city main where the pressure is easily dissipated.

A "closed water system", however, prevents the expanding water from flowing back into the main supply line, and the result of "thermal expansion" can create a rapid and dangerous pressure increase in the water heater and system piping.

This rapid pressure increase can quickly reach the safety setting of the relief valve, causing it to operate during each heating cycle. Thermal expansion, and the resulting rapid and repeated expansion and contraction of components in the water heater and piping system can cause premature failure of the relief valve, and possibly the heater itself. Replacing the relief valve will not correct the problem!

The suggested method of controlling thermal expansion is to install an expansion tank in the cold water line between the water heater and the check valve (refer to the illustration below). The expansion tank is designed with an air cushion built in that compresses as the system pressure increases, thereby relieving the over pressure condition and eliminating the repeated operation of the relief valve. Other methods of controlling thermal expansion are also available. Contact your installing contractor, water supplier or plumbing inspector for additional information regarding this subject.

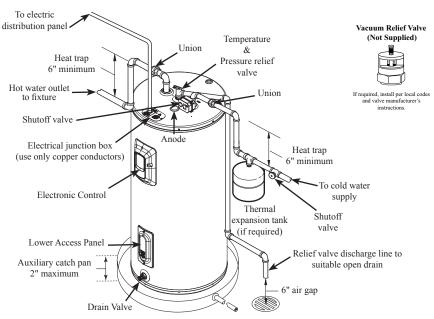
Water Supply Connections

Refer to the illustration below for suggested typical installation. The installation of unions or flexible copper connectors is recommended on the hot and cold water connections so that the water heater may be easily disconnected

for servicing if necessary. The HOT and COLD water connections are clearly marked and are 3/4" NPT on all models. Install a shut-off valve in the cold water line near the water heater.

NOTICE: DO NOT apply heat to the HOT or COLD water connections. If sweat connections are used, sweat tubing to adapter before fitting adapter to the water connections on heater. Any heat applied to the water supply fittings will permanently damage the dip tube and/or heat traps.

Typical Installation



A new combination temperature and pressure relief valve, complying with the Standard for Relief Valves and Automatic Gas Shut-Off Devices for Hot Water Supply Systems, ANSI Z21.22, is supplied and must be installed in the opening provided and marked for the purpose on the water heater. No valve of any type should be installed between the relief valve and the tank. Local codes shall govern the installation of relief valves.

Relief Valve

AWARNING: The pressure rating of the relief valve must not exceed 150 PSI, the maximum working pressure of the water heater as marked on the rating plate.

The BTUH rating of the relief valve must not be less than the input rating of the water heater as indicated on the rating label located on the front of the heater (1 watt=3.412 BTUH).

Connect the outlet of the relief valve to a suitable open drain so that the discharge water cannot contact live electrical parts or persons and to eliminate potential water damage.

Piping used should be of a type approved for hot water distribution. The discharge line must be no smaller than the outlet of the valve and must pitch downward from the valve to allow complete drainage (by gravity) of the relief valve and discharge line. The end of the discharge line should not be threaded or concealed and should be protected from freezing. No valve of any type, restriction or reducer coupling should be installed in the discharge line.

To Fill the Water Heater

AWARNING: The tank must be full of water before heater is turned on. The water heater warranty does not cover damage or failure resulting from operation with an empty or partially empty tank.

Make certain the drain valve is completely closed.

Open the shut-off valve in the cold water supply line.

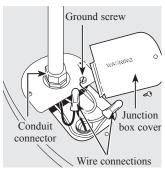
Open each hot water faucet slowly to allow the air to vent from the water heater and piping.

A steady flow of water from the hot water faucet(s) indicates a full water heater.

Condensation

Condensation can form on the tank when it is first filled with water. Condensation might also occur with a heavy water draw and very cold inlet water temperature. This condition is not unusual, and will disappear after the water becomes heated. If, however, the condensation continues, examine the piping and fittings for possible leaks.

Installing the water heater



Water heater junction box.

A CAUTION: The presence of water in the piping and water heater does not provide sufficient conduction for a ground. Non-metallic piping, dielectric unions, flexible connectors etc. can cause the water heater to be electrically isolated.

Electrical Connections

A separate branch circuit with copper conductors, overcurrent protective device and suitable disconnecting means must be provided by a qualified electrician.

All wiring must conform to local codes or latest edition of National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA 70.

The water heater is completely wired to the junction box inside jacket at the top front of the water heater. An opening for 1/2" or 3/4" electrical fitting is provided for field wiring connections.

The voltage requirements and wattage load for the water heater are specified on the rating plate on the front of the water heater.

The branch circuit wiring should include either:

- Metallic conduit or metallic sheathed cable approved for use as a grounding conductor and installed with fittings approved for the purpose.
- Non-metallic sheathed cable, metallic conduit or metallic sheathed cable not approved for use as a ground conductor shall include a separate conductor for grounding. It should be attached to the ground terminals of the water heater and the electrical distribution box.

NOTICE: This guide recommends minimum branch circuit sizing and wire size based on National Electric Code. Refer to wiring diagrams in this manual for field wiring connections.

Single Phase Wiring

Branch Circuit Sizing and Wire Size Guide

Total Water Heater Wattage	Recommended Over Current Protection (fuse or circuit breaker amperage rating)	Copper Wire Size AWG Based on N.E.C Table 310-16 (75°C)
	240V	240V
4,500	25	10
5,500	30	10

Insulation Blankets

AWARNING: If local codes require external application of insulation blanket kits the manufacturer's instructions included with the kit must be carefully followed.

Insulation blankets, available to the general public, for external use on electric water heaters are not necessary. The purpose of an insulation blanket is to reduce the standby heat loss encountered with storage tank heaters. This water heater meets or exceeds the National Appliance Energy Conservation Act standards with respect to insulation and standby loss requirements making an insulation blanket unnecessary.

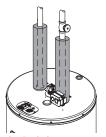
The manufacturer's warranty does not cover any damage or defect caused by installation, attachment or use of any type of energy saving or other unapproved devices (other than those authorized by the manufacturer) into, onto or in conjunction with the water heater. The use of unauthorized energy saving devices may shorten the life of the water heater and may endanger life and property.

The manufacturer disclaims any responsibility for such loss or injury resulting from the use of such unauthorized devices.

ACAUTION: If local codes require the application of an external insulation blanket to this water heater, pay careful attention to the following so as not to restrict the proper function and operation of the water heater:

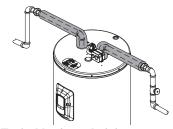
- DO NOT cover the operating or warning labels attached to the water heater or attempt to relocate them on the exterior of insulation blanket.
- DO NOT apply insulation to the top of the water heater. This could interfere with the safe operation of the electrical junction box.
- DO NOT cover the jacket access panel(s) to the thermostat(s) and heating element(s), or pressure and temperature relief valve.
- Inspect the insulation blanket frequently.

Hot and Cold Pipe Insulation Installation



Typical vertical piping arrangement

For increased energy efficiency, some water heaters have been supplied with two 24" sections of pipe insulation.



Typical horizontal piping arrangement

Please install the insulation, according to the illustrations above, that best meets your requirements.

Installing the water heater

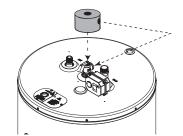
Relief Valve Insulation Installation

ACAUTION: Ensure the T&P Valve opening is not obstructed by the insulation.

For increased energy efficiency, some water heaters have been supplied with a 2-3/8" section of pipe insulation.

Please install the insulation, according to the illustrations above, that best meets your requirements.

Slip the insulation cover over the T&P Valve through the center hole and align the hole in the side with the opening of the T&P Valve.



Typical top connection arrangement

Heat Trap

For increased energy efficiency, some water heaters have been supplied with factory installed internal or external heat traps in the hot outlet and cold water inlet openings.

NOTICE: DO NOT apply heat to the HOT or COLD water connections. If sweat connections are used, sweat tubing to adapter before fitting adapter to the water connections on heater. Any heat applied to the water supply fittings will permanently damage the dip tube and/or heat traps.

LeakGuardTM

AWARNING: Failure to follow the instructions provided in this manual may permanently damage the unit and void the manufacturer's warranty.

This water heater is equipped with built-in leak detection and automatic water shut off valve. The leak detection device (LeakSenseTM) detects the presence of water and immediately alerts the electronic control as the EcoNet app on the cellular phone. When water is detected, the electronic controls will shut down the heating elements and the automatic water shut off valve closes. Please see more details on servicing on page 17.

Self Check

The automatic water shut off valve has a self check feature which runs every 30 days once the water heater is powered on. This feature works by closing and reopening the automatic water shut off valve. In case the valve fails to reopen, the water heater will be DISABLED. The water heater gives alert when the automatic water shut off valve fails to close.

Troubleshooting Automatic Water Shut Off Valve

AWARNING: Removing automatic water shut off valve will Disable it from conducting the self check. The automatic water shut off valve will also not CLOSE in the event a leak is detected by LeakSenseTM.

- 1. Press the clear alarm button for 10 seconds. After which time, the control will then generate an audible tone.
- 2. Water heater will be ENABLED and will resume heating water.

NOTICE: Once a new automatic water shut off valve is installed, repeat step 1. The water shut off valve will then be included in leak detection system.

Installation Checklist

A. Water Heater Location			
	☐ Close to area of heated water demand.		
	☐ Indoors and protected from freezing temperatures.		
	☐ Area free of flammable vapors.		
	☐ Provisions made to protect area from water damage.		
	☐ Sufficient room to service heater.		
B. Wat	er Supply		
	☐ Water heater completely filled with water.		
	☐ Air purged from water heater and piping.		
	☐ Water connections tight and free of leaks.		
C. Rel	ief Valve		
	☐ Temperature and Pressure Relief Valve properly installed and discharge line run to open drain.		
	☐ Discharge line protected from freezing.		
D. Wiring			
	☐ Power Supply voltage agrees with water heater rating plate.		
	☐ Branch circuit wire and fusing or circuit breaker of proper size.		
	☐ Electrical connections tight and unit properly grounded.		

Operating the water heater

ACAUTION: Hydrogen gas can be produced in a hot water system served by this water heater that has not been used for a long period of time (generally two weeks or more). HYDROGEN GAS IS EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE!! To dissipate such gas and to reduce risk of injury, it is recommended that the hot water faucet be opened for several minutes at the kitchen sink before using any electrical appliance connected to the hot water system. If hydrogen is present, there will be an unusual sound such as air escaping through the pipe as the water begins to flow. DO NOT smoke or use an open flame near the faucet at the time it is open.

Safety Precautions

- A Do turn off power to water heater if it has been subjected to over heating, fire, flood, physical damage.
- **B DO NOT** turn on water heater unless it is filled with water.
- **C DO NOT** turn on water heater if cold water supply shut-off valve is closed.
- D If there is any difficulty in understanding or following the Operating Instructions or the Care and Cleaning section, it is recommended that a qualified person or serviceman perform the work.

AWARNING: If the water heater has been subjected to flood, fire, or physical damage, turn off power and water to the water heater.

DO NOT operate the water heater again until it has been thoroughly checked by qualified service personnel.

Safety Controls

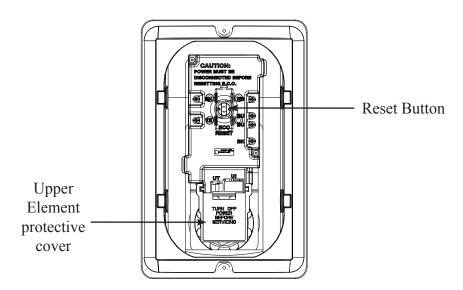
The water heater is equipped with a temperature sensor and temperature limiting control (ECO) that is located above the upper heating element in contact with the tank surface. If for any reason the water temperature becomes excessively high, the temperature limiting control (ECO) breaks the power circuit to the heating element. Once the control opens, it must be reset manually.

ACAUTION: The cause of the high temperature condition must be investigated by qualified service technician and corrective action must be taken before placing the water heater in service again. To reset the temperature limiting control:

- 1 Turn off the power to the water heater.
- **2** Remove the user interface control and insulation.

The thermostat protective cover should not be removed.

- **3** Press the red RESET button located on power board and upper sensor assembly.
- Replace the insulation and user interface control before turning on the power to the water heater.



Water Temperature

ADANGER: There is a hot water scald potential if the thermostat is set too high. Households with small children, disabled, or elderly persons may require a 120°F or lower thermostat setting to prevent contact with HOT water.

Water Temperature Set Point

Safety and energy conservation are factors to be considered when selecting the water temperature setting of the water heater's thermostat(s). The lower the temperature setting, the greater the savings in energy and operating costs.

Water temperatures above 125°F can cause severe burns or death from scalding. Be sure to read and follow the warnings outlined in this manual and on the label on the water heater. This label is located on the water heater above the lower access panel.

Mixing valves are recommended for reducing point of use water temperature by mixing hot and cold water in branch water lines. It is recommended that a mixing valve complying with the Standard for Temperature Actuated Mixing Valves for Hot Water Distribution Systems, ASSE 1017 be installed. See page 3 for more details and contact a licensed plumber or the local plumbing authority for further information.

The electronic control allows the water temperature to be set from 110°F to 150°F.

The Performance Platinum residential electric water heater incorporates a VACATION mode. This sets the temperature setting to a predetermined lower thermostat setting.

The chart below may be used as a guide in determining the proper water temperature for your home.

Refer to "Programming the Electronic Control Instructions" on page 14.

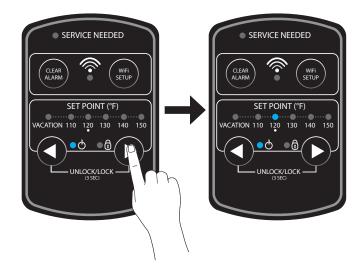
Time/Temperature Relationship in Scalds

Temperature	Time To Produce a Serious Burn
120°F	More than 5 minutes
125°F	1 ¹ / ₂ to 2 minutes
130°F	About 30 seconds
135°F	About 10 seconds
140°F	Less than 5 seconds
145°F	Less than 3 seconds
150°F	About 11/2 seconds
155°F	About 1 second

Table courtesy of Shriners Burn Institute

Programming the Electronic Control

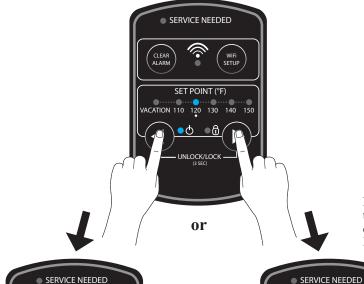
Setting the Water Temperature



When power is applied, the water heater will be in a Disabled mode. This means that the water heater is not heating the water and only the power LED is illuminated. Press the RIGHT arrow until the desired temperature is shown.

▲ DANGER: Hotter water increases the potential for Hot Water SCALDS.

Changing The Water Temperature



Reduce Water Temperature:

Press LEFT arrow until the desired temperature is shown.

Increase Water Temperature:

Press RIGHT arrow until the desired temperature is shown.

NOTE: A change in temperature is in increments of 5°F unless the Rheem EcoNet® app is used.

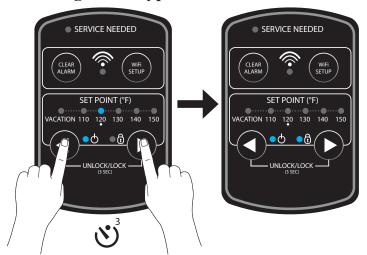




115°F

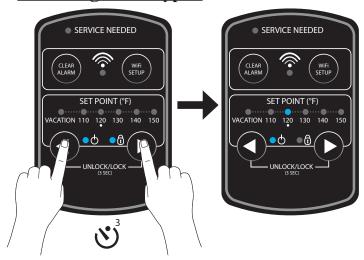
125°F





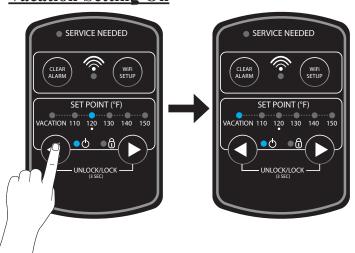
Press and hold both arrow buttons for 3 seconds to LOCK the control. Locking will reduce chance of unintentional changes in water temperature.

Unlocking The Keypad



Press and hold both arrow buttons for 3 seconds to UNLOCK the control. Unlocking allows changes to water temperature as needed.

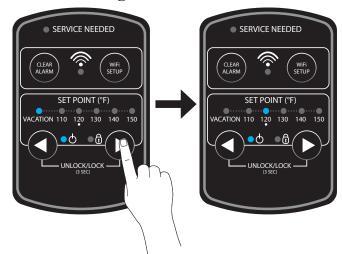
Vacation Setting On



Press LEFT arrow until the VACATION indicator is lit. This mode will reduce the water temperature to save energy during times when hot water is not needed.

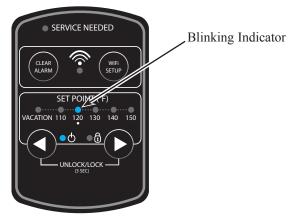
Programming the Electronic Control

Vacation Setting Off



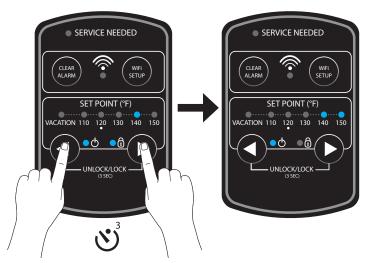
Press RIGHT arrow until the desired water temperature is shown on the display.

Heating Status



When the water temperature indicator is blinking, this means that a heating element is on.

Setting The Water Heater Above 140°F (Not Available on the EcoNet app)



Press and hold both arrow buttons for 3 seconds to unlock the keypad and allow water temperatures above 140°F.

A press of the right arrow will increase the water temperature setting up to 150°F.

The keypad will not lock when decreasing water temperatures below 140°F.

▲DANGER: Hotter water increases the potential for Hot Water SCALDS.

AWARNING: The use of heat to dry the residual moisture from a spill or leak is NOT PERMITTED.

NOTE: The nature of a water heater install often result in spilled water which can trigger the leak detection alarm and closing of shutoff valve, disabling the water heater.

24-Hour Leak Detection Override

Prior to using the 24 hour override feature, check to determine the source of the leak. If the leak is not coming from the water heater, stop the leak if possible and clean any excess water around the water heater. Contact the Rheem call center or your local plumber if leak detection alert persists after the 24 hour override. The use of a fan can shorten the time to dry any residual moisture around the water heater. If a leak is coming from the water heater, call for service.



Press the CLEAR ALARM button for 1 second. The controller will beep after the button is released. This will silence the alarm beep and allow the heater to run normally for 24-hours.

If water is detected while the override is active, the SERVICE NEED indicator will be solid and the EcoNet app will display an alert.

Mute Alarm Beep



Press the CLEAR ALARM button. This will silence the alarm beep.

The alarm condition will remain and must be corrected in order to remove the LED and silence the beep permanently.

Setting Up Wi-Fi

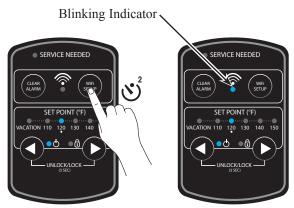
Wi-Fi

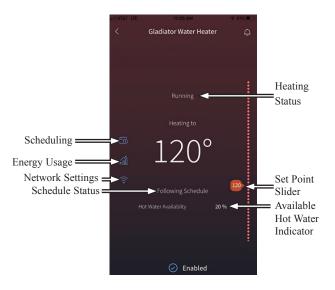


Your heater has integrated Wi-Fi capability. By connecting your heater to the internet, you can access the full benefits of the water heater, including remote control, leak detection alerts, and diagnostic alerts on your mobile device.

Wi-Fi Setup Procedure

- 1. Upon initial power up, the Wi-Fi module is DISABLED.
- a. Press the Wi-Fi SETUP button for 2 seconds. The keypad will beep and Wi-Fi indicator will blink blue after the press of the W-Fi Setup button.
- b.SETUP mode will remain active for 30 minutes. The Wi-Fi SETUP button can be pressed again to restart the setup process.
- 2. Connect mobile device to the local Wi-Fi network that the water heater will connect to.
- 3. Download the Rheem
 EcoNet® app via the App
 Store or Google Play to your
 mobile device. Create an
 EcoNet® account and sign in.
- 4. The water heater is now able to communicate with the app.
- 5. Follow the instructions in the EcoNet® app to complete the setup.
- 6. Blinking Wi-Fi indicator will now be solid blue.





Failure to Connect to User's Router or Network



- 1. In the event that the Wi-Fi does not connect to the router or network, the Wi-Fi Status LED will blink red 3 times followed by a pause.
- 2. A reset of the Wi-Fi module will be required if changes like a new router; router SSID or password change; new user or homeowner occur.
- 3. Press the Wi-Fi Setup button for 5 seconds. The keypad will beep 3 times.
- 4. Follow the above Wi-Fi setup procedure. If this does not correct this issue, contact customer care support.

NOTE: Should you have a problem getting the Wi-Fi setup, contact CSS at 1-800-255-2388.

Error Codes for Electronic Control

NOTE: The EcoNet® app will display all Alerts and Alarms in the EcoNet® app with specifics about the cause.

Blinking Indicator



NUMBER OF BLINKS

- x1 = Lower Thermistor Failure
- x2 = Leak Detected or Shutoff Valve Error
- x3 = Dry Fire (Heating without water)
- x4 = Element Wiring or Emergency Cut Out
- x5 = Control or Power Board Error

In the event of an error, the SERVICE NEEDED LED will blink red or remain solid red. This will depend on the type of error that has occurred. The water heat will remain operational when an ALERT occurs. There are five (5) ALARM codes that represent a family of ALARMS where the water heater will shut down.

ERROR CODES				
TYPE	SERVICE NEEDED LED	DESCRIPTION/ACTION		
ALERT	Solid red	 Leak sensor disconnected. Open the lower element cavity. If it is connected, call customer service. If is not connected, reconnect the leak sensor to reset the error. Configuration data restore failure. Call for service. Shut off valve cannot close (self-check). Call for service and refer to the Leak-GuardTM section of the manual. Wi-Fi or Control Communication Error. Also, the Wi-Fi LED will turn red. See the Failure to Connect to User's Router or Network section of this manual. Leak detected (24-hour leak alarm override active). Verify there is no longer a leak. Refer to the 24-HOUR LEAK DETECTION OVERRIDE section of the manual. 		
	One (1) red blink followed by a pause	Disconnection of lower thermistor. Please call for service. Failure of lower thermistor. Please call for service.		
ALARM	Two (2) red blinks followed by a pause	 Water in contact with wick or rope sensor. Check the pan for water. If there is no water present, disconnect the sensor, dry and reinstall it to reset the error. Use of the LEAK OVERRIDE FUNCTION maybe be required. Refer to the 24-HOUR LEAK DETECTION OVERRIDE section of the manual. If there is water in the pan, call for service. Shutoff valve input error. Call for service and refer to the LeakGuardTM section of the manual. Shutoff valve failed to close. Call for service and refer to the LeakGuardTM section of the manual. Shutoff valve failed to re-open. Call for service and refer to the LeakGuardTM section of the manual. Shut off valve cannot open (self-check). Call for service and refer to the LeakGuardTM section of the manual. 		
_	Three (3) red blinks followed by a pause	1. Tank not filled with water. Please fill the tank with water and recycle power.		
	Four (4) red blinks followed by a pause	Disconnection of wire(s) to upper or lower element or ECO. Call for service. Upper element wire(s) and lower element wire(s) switched. Call for service. ECO tripped and needs reset. Reset ECO or call for service.		
	Five (5) red blinks followed by a pause	Upper or lower element relay stuck on. Please call customer service. Upper or lower temperature conversion error. Please call customer service. Conversions stuck error. Call for service. On-board temperature protection error. Call for service. Failure or disconnection of upper thermistor. Please call for service.		

ACAUTION: For your safety DO NOT attempt repair of electrical wiring, temperature sensor, electronic control, heating elements or other safety devices. Refer repairs to qualified service personnel.

Care and cleaning of the water heater.



Draining the Water Heater

A CAUTION: Shut off power to the water heater before draining water.

ADANGER: Before manually operating the relief valve, make certain no one will be exposed to the hot water released by the valve. The water drained from the tank may be hot enough to present a scald hazard and should be directed to a suitable drain to prevent injury or damage.

In order to drain the water heater, turn off the cold water supply. Open a hot water faucet or lift the handle on the relief valve to admit air to the tank.

Attach a garden hose to the drain valve on the water heater and direct the stream of water to a drain. Open the valve.

ADANGER: Before manually operating the relief valve, make certain no one will be exposed to the danger of coming in contact with the hot water released by the valve. The water may be hot enough to create a scald hazard. The water should be released into a suitable drain to prevent injury or property damage.

NOTICE: If the temperature and pressure relief valve on the hot water heater discharges periodically, this may be due to thermal expansion in a closed water system.

Contact the water supplier or your plumbing contractor on how to correct this. DO NOT plug the relief valve outlet.

Routine Preventative Maintenance

Properly maintained, your water heater will provide years of dependable trouble-free service.

It is suggested that a routine preventive maintenance program be established and followed by the user.

It is further recommended that a periodic inspection of the operating controls, heating element and wiring should be made by service personnel qualified in electric appliance repair.

Most electrical appliances, even when new, make some sound when in operation. If the hissing or singing sound level increases excessively, the electric heating element may require cleaning. Contact a qualified installer or plumbing contract to inspect.

At least once a year, lift and release the lever handle on the temperature pressure relief valve, located near the top of the water heater, to make certain the valve operates freely. Allow several gallons to flush through the discharge line to an open drain.

A water heater's tank can act as a setting basin for solids suspended in the water. It is therefore not uncommon for hard water deposits to accumulate in the bottom of the tank. It is suggested that a few quarts of water be drained from the water heater's tank every month to clean the tank of these deposits.

Rapid closing of faucets or solenoid valves in automatic water using appliances can cause a banging noise heard in a water pipe. Strategically located risers in the water pipe system or water hammer arresting devices can be used to minimize the problem.

The anode rod should be removed from the water heater's tank annually for inspection and replaced when more than 6" of core wire is exposed at either end of the rod.

Make sure the cold water supply is turned off before removing anode rod.

Care and cleaning of the water heater.

NOTICE: Refer to the Hydrogen Gas Caution in the Operating Instructions.

Extended Shut-Down

If the water heater is to remain idle for an extended period of time, the power and water to the appliance should be turned off to conserve energy and prevent a build-up of dangerous hydrogen gas.

The water heater and piping should be drained if they might be subjected to freezing temperatures.

After a long shut-down period, the water heater's operation and controls should be checked by qualified service personnel. Make certain the water heater is completely filled again before placing it in operation.

NOTICE: DO NOT remove the anode rod from the water heater's tank, except for inspection and/or replacement, as operation with the anode rod removed will greatly shorten the life of the glass lined tank and will exclude warranty coverage.

Anode Rod

This water heater is equipped with an anode rod designed to prolong the life of the glass lined tank. The anode rod is slowly consumed, thereby eliminating or minimizing corrosion of the glass lined tank.

Water sometimes contains a high sulfate and/or mineral content and together with cathodic protection process can produce a hydrogen sulfide, or rotten egg odor in the heated water. Chlorination of the water supply should minimize the problem.

Before You Call For Service...



Troubleshooting Tips Save time and money! Review the chart on this page first and you may not need to call for service.

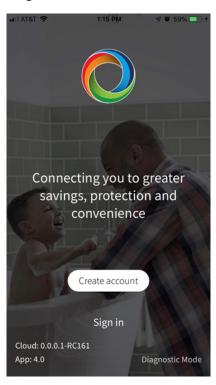
Problem	Possible Causes	What To Do
Rumbling noise	Water conditions in your home caused a build up of scale or mineral deposits on the heating elements.	Remove and clean the heating elements.
Relief valve producing popping noise or draining	Pressure build up caused by thermal expansion in a closed system.	• This is an unacceptable condition and must be corrected. Contact the water supplier or plumbing contractor on how to correct this. DO NOT plug the relief valve outlet.
Rattling noise during periods of water usage	Internal heat trap fittings in operation.	• This is normal for heat trap fittings when in operation and does not indicate a need for service.
Not enough or no hot water	Water usage may have exceeded the capacity of the water heater.	• Wait for the water heater to recover after an abnormal demand.
	A fuse is blown or a circuit breaker tripped.	Replace fuse or reset circuit breaker.
	Electric supply may be off.	• Make sure electric supply to water heater and disconnect switch, if used, are in the ON position.
	The thermostat may be set set too low.	See the Temperature regulation of the water heater section of this manual.
	Leaking or open hot water faucets.	Make sure all faucets are closed.
	Electric service to your home may be interrupted.	Contact the local electric utility.
	Improper wiring.	See the Installing the water heater section of this manual.
	Manual reset limit (ECO).	See the Temperature regulation of the water heater section of this manual.
	Cold water inlet temperature may be colder during the winter months.	• This is normal. The colder inlet water takes longer to heat.
	Auto shutoff valve is closed	■ Turn power off to the water heater. Press and rotate the shutoff valve knob counterclockwise until it stops. The arrow of the valve position indicator will be pointed to OPEN.
Water is too hot	The thermostat is set too high.	• See the Temperature regulation of the water heater section of this manual.
Cannot set above 140°F	The keypad is locked	See configuration menu section on programming the electronic control.

ACAUTION: For your safety DO NOT attempt repair of electrical wiring, temperature sensor, electronic control, heating elements or other safety devices. Refer repairs to qualified service personnel.

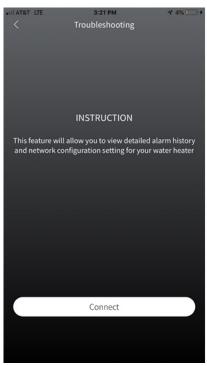
Diagnostic Mode

For additional unit information, you can connect directly to the water heater via local mode and use the Rheem EcoNet® app for more details alarm and alert information. To connect to the water heater via local mode follow these steps.

- 1. Press the Wi-Fi step up button until the unit beeps and the Wi-Fi LED blinks blue.
- 2. From the Rheem EcoNet® app click on Diagnostic Mode.



3. Press the connect button in the app.



- 4. Follow the on screen instructions.
- Once connected you can view detailed alarm history and network configuration settings.
- 6. Once complete Close the app.
- 7. If your water heater was connected to your home network previously, it will return to that network.

Instructions For Placing a Parts Order

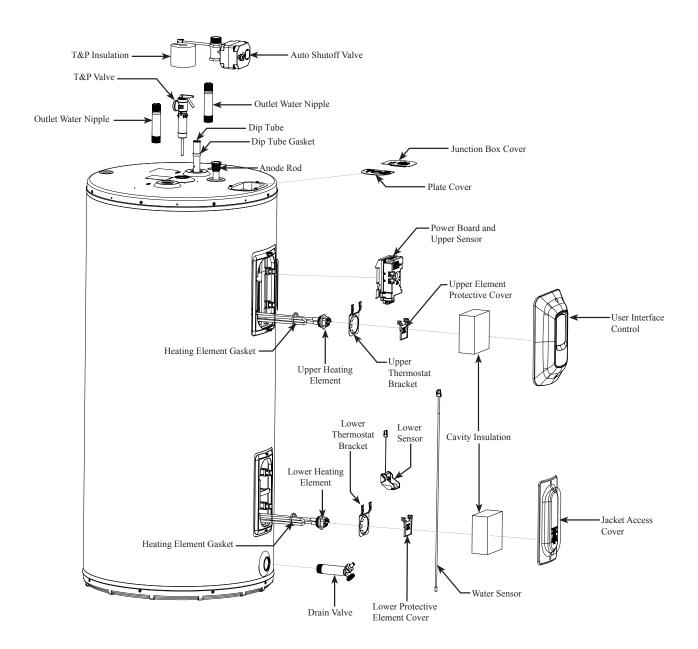
Address parts orders to the distributor or store where the heater was purchased.

All parts orders should include:

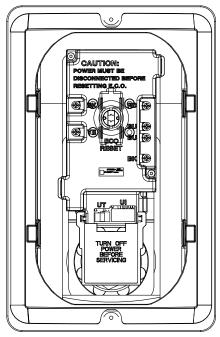
- 1 The model and serial number of the water heater from the rating plate.
- 2 Specify voltage and wattage as marked on the rating plate.

3 Part description (as noted below) and number of parts desired.

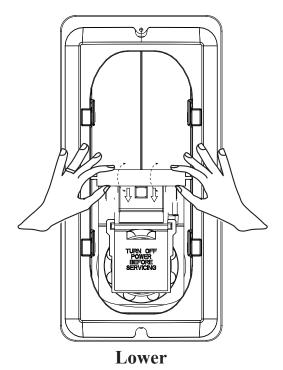
ACAUTION: For your safety DO NOT attempt repair of electrical wiring, thermostat(s), heating elements or other operating controls. Refer repairs to qualified service personnel.



The following instructions are intended for qualified service personnel ONLY, and should only be done when necessary.



Upper



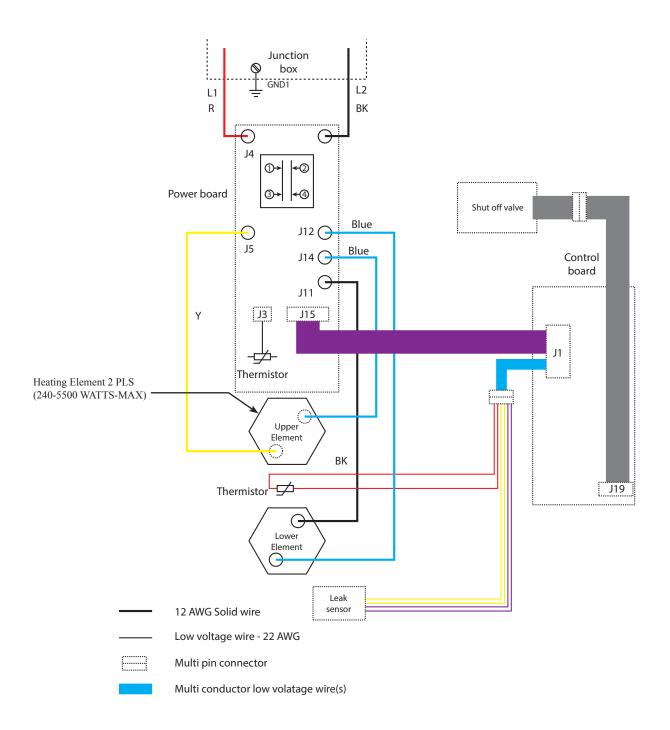
In order to replace the thermostat or heating element, remove the cavity insert crossbar by following the instructions below:

- 1 Turn off the power to the water heater.
- 2 Remove the jacket access panel or electronic control and insulation.
- 3 Only for the lower temperature sensor and lower element, rotate the crossbar up and down until it breaks away from the remainder of the cavity insert. (See illustration to the left)
 - Discard the crossbar. It cannot and need not be replaced.
- **4** Replace the temperature sensor and/or element as necessary.
- **5** Replace the insulation and jacket access panel/ electronic control before turning on the power to the water heater

NOTICE: The cavity insert crossbar is necessary for the manufacturing process only. The removal of the crossbar will not interfere with the operation of the water heater.

Wiring Diagram

This water heater is wired as indicated in the schematic below. Use only a 2 wire power feed with ground connection for this water heater.



Notes:

IF YOU NEED SERVICE



- 1. Should you have any questions about your new water heater, or if it requires adjustment, repair, or routine maintenance, it is suggested that you first contact your installer, plumbing contractor or previously agreed upon service agency. In the event the firm has moved, or is unavailable, refer to the telephone directory, commercial listings or local utility for qualified service assistance.
- 2. Should your problem not be solved to your complete satisfaction, you should then contact the Manufacturer's National Service Department at the following address:

800 Interstate Park Drive Montgomery, Alabama 36109 Phone: 1-800-432-8373.

When contacting the manufacturer, the following information will be requested:

- a. Model and serial number of the water heater as shown on the rating plate attached to the jacket of the heater.
- b. Address where the water heater is located and physical location.
- c. Name and address of installer and any service agency who performed service on the water heater.
- d. Date of original installation and dates any service work was performed.
- e. Details of the problems as you can best describe them.
- f. List of people, with dates, who have been contacted regarding your problem.